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CONFIRMATION NO. FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE 07/15/1999 HYUN CHANG LEE 8733/PD-6981 4171 09/353,847 01/05/2004 **EXAMINER** 30827 7590 MCKENNA LONG & ALDRIDGE LLP ANYASO, UCHENDU O 1900 K STREET, NW ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER WASHINGTON, DC 20006 2675 DATE MAILED: 01/05/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		1			
	•	Application	on No.	Applicant(s)	
U.		09/353,84	7	LEE ET AL.	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	·	Art Unit	
		Uchendu (O Anyaso	2675	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the	cover sheet with the c	orrespondence addre	ss
THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no eve y within the statu vill apply and wil , cause the appl	int, however, may a reply be time story minimum of thirty (30) days I expire SIX (6) MONTHS from ication to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this comm D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	unication.
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 De	ecember 20	<u>003</u> .		
2a)[_	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.				
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Dispositi	ion of Claims				
•	Claim(s) <u>1-26</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.				
5)□	Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-26</u> is/are rejected.				
•) Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election re	equirement.		
Applicati	ion Papers				
9)[]	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.			
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce	epted or b)[\square objected to by the E	Examiner.	
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) b	e held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	•			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. No	te the attached Office	Action or form PTO-	152.
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120				
* 5 13)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesticince a specific reference was included in the first 7 CFR 1.78. 2) The translation of the foreign language productions are the companied for the foreign language productions are the companied for the first sentence of the foreign language productions are the companied for the first sentence of the foreign language productions are the companied for the first sentence of the foreign language productions are the companied for the first sentence of the foreign language productions are the companied for the first sentence of the first sentence of the certified copies of the priority documents are the priority	s have been shave been rity docume u (PCT Rule of the certific priority ur st sentence evisional apoc priority ur	n received. In received in Application received in Application to the specification or other specification in the specification or other 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) of the specification or other 35 U.S.C. §§ 120	on No ed in this National Stand. e) (to a provisional apin an Application Dateived. and/or 121 since a second control of the contr	oplication) ta Sheet.
Attachmen	• •	٠			
2) Notic	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) be of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) <u>18</u>	<u>5</u> .	4) Interview Summary 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:		

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-26 are pending in this action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC ' 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Moon et al (US Patent 5,793,346) in view of Osada (U.S. 6,271,812).

Regarding **independent claims 1, 9, 11** and **19**, and for **claims 4-8** and **10**, Moon teaches a circuit and method of clearing a TFT LCD when the external power is removed from the liquid crystal display (column 1, lines 6-12).

Furthermore, Moon teaches a liquid crystal display device, comprising a plurality of data lines, a plurality of thin-film transistor (TFT) liquid crystal display cells electrically coupled to said plurality of data lines and arranged as a first string of TFT display cells electrically coupled together by a first gate line and a second string of TFT display cells electrically coupled together by a second gate line, said second string of TFT display cells comprising respective support capacitors therein electrically coupled to said first gate line (column 4, lines 37-48).

Furthermore, Moon teaches a screen clearing circuit 40 connected at an input to the gate driving circuit 10 wherein the controller 30 controls gate driving circuit 10, which supplies gate

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on/off voltages sequentially through the gate lines to the thin film transistors 70 (column 4, lines 12-23, figure 6 at 10, 30).

Furthermore, the gate on/off generator 50 generates the <u>Voff</u> and <u>Von</u> voltages which are sent to the gate lines by the gate driving circuit 10 (column 4, lines 23-25, figure 6 at 10, 50) wherein the screen clearing circuit 40 is connected to the Voff output of gate on/off generator 50 (column 4, lines 25-26). When the external power is disconnected, the screen clearing circuit 40 operates to discharge the storage capacitors 80 connected to the gate lines (column 4, lines 27-29). Elimination of the residual image improves the quality of TFT LCDs (column 4, lines 33-34). This invention may be used in a wide variety of display devices such as notebook computers, handheld devices, and flat panel television screens (column 4, lines 33-36).

However, Moon does not teach how to eliminate residual images by applying a voltage level for turning off the TFT transistors <u>upon power-on</u>. On the other hand, Osada teaches an electroluminescent display device in which residual images stored as electric charges in pixels are eliminated or made invisible on the display panel (column 1, lines 14-17) wherein the <u>residual picture images are eliminated when the EL display panel is turned on (column 9, lines 49-51, figures 16-19).</u>

Thus, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to combine Moon and Osada because while Moon teaches the concept of clearing a TFT LCD when the external power is removed from the liquid crystal display (column 1, lines 6-12), Osada teaches how the residual pictures images would be eliminated by turning on the display device. The motivation for combining these inventions would have been to achieve a display device wherein

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undesirable images appearing on a display screen are made invisible upon power on (column 2,

lines 16-26).

Regarding claims 2 and 3, in further discussion of claim 1, Moon teaches how the first

voltage level has a lower voltage level than a minimum value of the image signals (see figure 5;

see also Abstract).

Regarding claims 12-18, 20-26, in further discussion of claims 11 and 19, Moon teaches

an invention that comprises a capacitor of which one end is connected to the external power; a

diode of which the anode is connected to the other end of said capacitor, and the cathode is

grounded; and a PMOS transistor of which the gate electrode is connected to the anode of said

diode and the other end of said capacitor, the source electrode is grounded, and the drain

electrode is connected to one end of a support capacitor of a TFT LCD (column 2, lines 10-27).

Furthermore, Moon teaches a means for detecting whether external power has been shut

off; charging the support capacitor if the external power is not shut off, and then returning to the

first detecting step; discharging the support capacitor if the external power is shut off, and then

returning to the first detecting step (column 2, lines 28-35).

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-26 have been considered but are moot in

view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Please, see new grounds for rejection above.

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Conclusion

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

U.S. Patent 6,580,411 to *Kubota et al* for a latch circuit, shift register circuit and image display device operated with a low consumption of power.

U.S. Patent 5,754,155 to Kubota et al for an image display device.

U.S. Patent 4,975,691 to Lee for a scan inversion symmetric drive.

U.S. Patent 5,990,857 to Kubota et al for a shift register having a plurality of circuit blocks and image display apparatus using the shift register.

Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Uchendu O. Anyaso whose telephone number is (703) 306-5934. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Steve Saras, can be reached at (703) 305-9720.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

(703) 872-9314 (for Technology Center 2600 only)

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal Drive, Arlington, VA, Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Technology Center 2600 Customer Service Office whose telephone number is (703) 306-0377.

Uchendu O. Anyaso

12/29/2003

CHANH NGUYEN

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